Mississippi

Science and Engineering Profile													
Characteristic	State	U.S.	Rank	Characteristic	State	U.S.	Rank						
Doctoral scientists, 1999 ¹	2,880	518,670	36	tal R&D performance, 1999 (millions) \$476		\$231,832	39						
Doctoral engineers, 1999 ¹	620	107,100	33	Industry R&D, 1999 (millions)	\$114	\$177,171	45						
S&E doctorates awarded, 2000 ¹ of which, in life sciencesin psychologyin physical sciences	168 36% 21% 14%	25,979 26% 14% 13%	35	Academic R&D, 1999 (millions)	\$153 50% 22% 9%	\$27,038 57% 15% 9%	37						
S&E postdoctorates, 2000 ¹ in doctorate-granting institutions	90	41,548	39	Public higher education current-fund expenditures, 1997 (millions)	\$1,490	\$125,236	31						
S&E graduate students, 2000 ¹				Number of SBIR awards, 1995-2000	41	26,424	42						
in doctorate-granting institutions	3,064	435,612	36	Patents issued to state residents, 2000	182	85,068	42						
Population, 2000 (thousands)	2,845	285,231	32	Gross state product, 1999 (billions)	\$64	\$9,369	34						
Civilian labor force, 2000 (thousands)	1,326	142,172	32	of which, agriculture manufacturing, mining, construction	3% 26%	1% 22%							
Personal income per capita, 2000	\$20,856	\$29,451	51	transportation, communication, utilities	9%	8%							
				wholesale and retail trade	17%								
Federal spending				finance, insurance, real estate	11%								
Total expenditures, 2000 (millions)	\$18,358	\$1,615,468	30	services	17%								
R&D obligations, 1999 (millions)	\$352	\$73,718	29	government	16%	12%							

NOTE: Rankings and totals are based on data for the 50 States, District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico. Reliability of the estimates of industry R&D and of doctoral scientists and engineers varies by State, because the sample allocation was not based on geography. The rankings do not take into account the margin of error of estimates from sample surveys.

¹Data on graduate students, doctoral scientists and engineers, and postdoctorates include all graduate degree (except M.D.) candidates and recipients in S&E fields, including health fields. Data on S&E doctorates awarded do not include health fields.

Federal Obligations for Research and Development by Agency and Performer: Fiscal Year 1999												
	Performer											
	Total	Federal Intramural	All FFRDCs	Industrial firms	Universities & colleges	Other nonprofits	State & local government	State rank, total				
Agency	[In thousands of dollars]											
Total, all agencies	351,571	196,245	0	77,026	69,270	5,760	3,270	29				
Department of Agriculture	71,827	49,899	0	0	20,885	1,043	0	5				
Department of Commerce	10,297	9,727	0	0	421	149	0	16				
Department of Defense	155,593	102,629	0	41,548	11,409	0	7	25				
Department of Energy	1,723	0	0	86	1,637	0	0	44				
Dept. of Health & Human Services	14,848	0	0	215	14,633	0	0	46				
Department of the Interior	8,010	7,157	0	111	112	570	60	30				
Department of Transportation	3,088	0	0	0	110	0	2,978	36				
Environmental Protection Agency	640	0	0	460	180	0	0	40				
National Aeronautics and Space Admin	73,750	26,833	0	34,356	8,338	3,998	225	13				
National Science Foundation	11,795	0	0	250	11,545	0	0	44				
State rank, total	29	16	na	29	35	32	35	na				

NOTE: Federal R&D obligations are as reported by funding agencies. Ranks and totals are based on data for the 50 States, District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico.

KEY: FFRDC = federally funded research and development center; SBIR = small business innovation research; na = not applicable.

SOURCES: Prepared by the National Science Foundation/Division of Science Resources Statistics. Data compiled from numerous sources -- see the section, "Data Sources for Science and Engineering (S&E) State Profiles".